







Medicaid Managed Care Organization Performance Improvement Projects Annual Report 2005



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Introduction

The Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH) requires, through the Code of Maryland Annotated Regulations (COMAR) 10.09.65.03.B(6), that each HealthChoice managed care organization (MCO) conduct performance improvement projects (PIPs) focusing on clinical or non-clinical areas. Topic areas for the PIPs were selected by the Department and were Improving Prenatal Care and Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD). Under Federal law [Section 1932(c)(2)(A)(i) of the Social Security Act], DHMH is required to contract with an External Quality Review Organization (EQRO) to perform an independent annual review of services provided under each MCO contract. DHMH contracts with Delmarva Foundation for Medical Care, Inc. (Delmarva) to serve as the EQRO. This report describes the findings from the validation of two PIPs. The seven MCOs submitting PIPs for validation by Delmarva are:

- ➤ AMERIGROUP Maryland, Inc. (AGM)
- Diamond Plan (DIA)
- ➤ Helix Family Choice, Inc. (HFC)
- ➤ Jai Medical Systems, Inc. (JMS)

- Maryland Physicians Care (MPC)
- ➤ Priority Partners (PPMCO)
- ➤ UnitedHealthcare (UHC)

The purpose of health care PIPs is to assess and improve processes employed by MCOs, and thereby improving the likelihood that outcomes of care will improve. Each HealthChoice MCO was required to conduct two PIPs, one regarding improving prenatal care and the second on CKD. Delmarva was responsible for providing technical assistance, validation of results, education, and oversight of the MCO's PIPs. All PIP submissions are made to Delmarva utilizing an approved project submission tool.

Each MCO was required to provide the study framework and project description for their PIPs to Delmarva. This information was reviewed by Delmarva to ensure that each MCO was using relevant and valid study techniques. At that time, the MCOs were required to provide quarterly updates of their PIP progress. To reduce administrative burden on the MCOs, the DHMQA subsequently

reduced the submission frequency to semi-annual submissions in June and September of each calendar year.

In 2005, the MCOs were required to submit prenatal care PIP project updates on June 30 and September 30. The June submission included results of measurement activities and information regarding the status of intervention implementations. The September submission included analysis of the measurement results (according to the data analysis plan) as well as information concerning any modifications to (or removal of) intervention strategies that may not be yielding anticipated improvement. If an MCO decided to modify other portions of the project, updates to the submission were permitted in consultation with Delmarva. The prenatal care PIP is expected to be completed in September of 2007 following the reporting and analysis of the second re-measurement phase.

In 2005, the MCOs were required to submit a CKD PIP data collection plan, data analysis plan, and baseline measurement results on June 30th. Data analysis, barrier analysis, root cause analysis, intervention development, and intervention implementation plans were submitted to Delmarva on September 30th. The CKD PIP is expected to be completed in September of 2007 following the reporting and analysis of the second re-measurement phase.

For the 2005 review period, the PIPs were reviewed and evaluated for compliance with ten elements or steps of successful PIPs as defined by protocols developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Those ten elements/steps included:

- Step 1: Review the selected study topics,
- Step 2: Review the study questions,
- Step 3: Review the selected study indicator(s),
- Step 4: Review the identified study population,
- Step 5: Review sampling methods,
- Step 6: Review the MCO's data collection procedures,
- Step 7: Assess the MCO's improvement strategies,
- Step 8: Review data analysis and interpretation of study results,
- Step 9: Assess the likelihood that reported improvement is real improvement, and
- Step 10: Assess whether the MCO has sustained its documented improvement.

As Delmarva staff conducted the review, each of the 27 components within the 10 elements/steps was rated as "Yes", "No", or "N/A" (Not Applicable). Components were then aggregated to create a determination of "Met", "Partially Met", "Unmet", or "Not Applicable" for each of the ten

elements/steps. Table 1 describes the criteria for reaching a determination in the scoring methodology.

Table 1. Rating Scale for PIP Validation

Determination	Criteria
Met	All required components were present.
Partially Met	One but not all components were present.
Unmet	None of the Required components were present.
Not Applicable	None of the required components are applicable.

Results

This section presents an overview of the findings from the validation activities completed for each PIP submitted by each MCO. Each MCO's PIPs were reviewed against all 27 components contained within the ten steps. Recommendations for each step that did not receive a rating of "Met" follow each MCO's results section.

AMERIGROUP Maryland, Inc.

AGM's Prenatal Care PIP focused on increasing the timeliness of post-partum care visits according to HEDIS 2005 technical specifications. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.

Table 2 represents the PIP Validation Results for AGM's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 2. PIP Validation Results for AGM.

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Partially Met	Partially Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

AGM's Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 – 6, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. AGM received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because their interventions consisted of telephone calls and mailings to members. These interventions are reasonable; however, the MCO identified various opportunities for improvement specific to providers and the MCO for which no interventions were implemented. AGM received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 – 10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

AGM's CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-6 and Step 8, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "N/A" for Steps 9-10. AGM received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because their

interventions consisted of telephone calls and mailings to members. These interventions were reasonable; however, the MCO identified various opportunities for improvement specific to providers and the MCO for which no interventions were implemented. AGM received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 – 10 because the CKD PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

It is recommended that AGM develop multifaceted interventions for both of their PIPs targeting member, provider, and MCO barriers, which were identified in their barrier analysis.

Diamond Plan

DIA's Prenatal Care PIP focused on increasing the number of prenatal visits. At the time that the department required CKD PIPs, DIA was new to the HealthChoice program and did not have CKD performance data. Therefore, DIA was not required to complete a CKD PIP.

Table 3 represents the PIP Validation Results for DIA's Prenatal Care PIP.

Table 3. PIP Validation Results for DIA.

		Review Det	erminations
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	DIA was not
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	DIA was not required to
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	complete a CKD PIP
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	OND I II
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	

DIA's Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-8 and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. DIA received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations for improvement at this time.

Helix Family Choice, Inc.

HFC's Prenatal Care PIP focused on increasing the frequency of postpartum visits according to 2005 HEDIS technical specifications. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.

Table 4 represents the PIP Validation Results for HFC's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 4. PIP Validation Results for HFC.

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	Partially Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

HFC's Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-8 and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. HFC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

HFC's CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 – 6 and Step 8, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. HFC received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because they did not document their methodology and processes employed to identify all member, provider and administrative barriers, which their interventions were addressing. HFC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 – 10 because the CKD PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

It is recommended that HFC completely document their methodology and processes employed to identify all member, provider and administrative barriers for the CKD PIP along with documentation of their results.

Jai Medical Systems, Inc.

JMS's Prenatal Care PIP focused on new methods to increase compliance with postpartum care visits. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.

Table 5 represents the PIP Validation Results for JMS's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 5. PIP Validation Results for JMS.

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	Partially Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

JMS Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 - 8, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. JMS received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

JMS CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 – 6 and 8, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. JMS received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because they identified member non-compliance with PCP appointments as the major barrier to improvement, but did not describe the methodology and processes employed to identify this barrier or potential opportunities for improvement. Although the MCOs proposed intervention is passive, it may be reasonable given the high rates of non-compliance documented by the MCO for indicators 1 and 2.

JMS received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the CKD PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

Although JMS received a rating of "Met" for Step 7 of their Prenatal PIP, it was noted that they should consider additional interventions involving more targeted one-on-one member contact which have been proven to increase results along with more concentrated interventions regarding the postpartum visit. In addition, the MCO may want to conduct an additional barrier analysis which explores possible barriers for providers and the MCO, and implement interventions aimed at resolving those barriers.

It is recommended for JMS's CKD PIP that the MCO clearly describe the methodology and processes employed to identify all member, provider and administrative barriers with the results reported in the next PIP submission. From the barrier analysis, it is recommended that the MCO develop and implement targeted interventions aimed at resolving the identified member, provider, and administrative barriers.

Maryland Physicians Care

MPC's Prenatal Care PIP focused on improving timeliness of prenatal care according to 2005 HEDIS technical specifications. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine. Table 6 represents the PIP Validation Results for MPC's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 6. PIP Validation Results for MPC

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

MPC's Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-8 and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. MPC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

MPC's CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-8 and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. MPC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the CKD PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations for improvement at this time.

Priority Partners

PPMCO's Prenatal Care PIP focused on improving prenatal care according to 2005 HEDIS technical specifications. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.

Table 7 represents the PIP Validation Results for PPMCO's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 7. PIP Validation Results for PPMCO

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	Partially Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

PPMCO's Prenatal Care PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 - 8, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. PPMCO received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

PPMCO's CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1 – 6 and Step 8, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 - 10. PPMCO received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because their proposed interventions were mass member and provider mailings with no indication of follow up. These types of interventions have not proven to positively impact study results on their own. In addition, it appears that a limited barrier analysis was performed by the MCO and the results were not reported. PPMCO received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9 – 10 because the CKD

PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

It is recommended that PPMCO perform a complete barrier analysis for their CKD PIP to identify member, provider and administrative barriers with the results presented in the next PIP submission. In addition, it is recommended that they develop and implement more aggressive interventions that target both members and providers with one-on-one contact.

UnitedHealthcare

UHC's Prenatal PIP focused on improving prenatal care for pregnant members according to 2005 HEDIS technical specifications. Their CKD PIP focused on increasing their Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate according to the 2005 HEDIS technical specifications and the percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine. Table 8 represents the PIP Validation Results for UHC's Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs.

Table 8. PIP Validation Results for UnitedHealthcare

		Review Determinations			
Step	Description	Prenatal Care	Chronic Kidney Disease		
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met		
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met		
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met		
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met		
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met		
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met		
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Met	Partially Met		
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met		
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A		
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A		

UHC's Prenatal PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-8 and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. UHC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10 because the Prenatal Care PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

UHC's CKD PIP received a rating of "Met" for Steps 1-6 and Step 8, "Partially Met" for Step 7, and "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10. UHC received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7 because a complete barrier analysis was not performed to identify member, provider, and administrative barriers. The MCO reported that provider surveys were undertaken to identify barriers, however, the results were not reported. The interventions developed to date appear to adequately address provider barriers, however, interventions should also address member and administrative barriers identified through a complete analysis. UHC received a rating of "Not Applicable" for Steps 9-10

because the CKD PIP is in the baseline measurement stage whereby an assessment of improvement cannot be determined. A minimum of two remeasurements must be performed before an assessment of sustained improvement can be made.

Recommendations

It is recommended that UHC perform and clearly describe the methodology and processes employed to identify member, provider, and administrative barriers for their CKD PIP. In addition, it is recommended that multifaceted interventions geared towards member and provider barriers be developed and implemented.

Summary of Results and Interventions

Table 9 represents the PIP Validation Results for all Prenatal Care PIPs.

Table 9. Prenatal Care PIP Validation Results

	. Prenatal Care PIP Validati		Pre	natal PIP	Review De	eterminat	ions	
Step	Description	AGM	DIA	HFC	JMS	MPC	РРМСО	UHC
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Partially Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Overall, seven Prenatal Care PIPs were submitted and validated. Of the seven Prenatal Care PIPs, six MCOs (DIA, HFC, JMS, MPC, PPMCO and UHC) received a rating of "Met" in all applicable areas of assessment, and one MCO (AGM) received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7.

The following are examples of interventions which were implemented by the HealthChoice MCO's in their Prenatal Care PIP's:

- Phone calls to post-partum women.
- Mailing of post-partum information to pregnant women.

- "Prenatal Calendar" inserted into member prenatal packet including recommended frequency of care
- Correspondence to providers outlining newborn program.
- Requested physician's offices notify plan upon a member's missed appointment.
- Additional staff dedicated to program.
- Data analysis by provider offices to inform them of low scores and the need to inform patients of the Postpartum Program.
- Articles in Member Newsletters regarding the Postpartum Program.
- Incentives to members for attending prenatal and postpartum visits (gift certificates, phone cards, etc.).
- ➤ Baby showers for women in their third trimester.
- > Case Management outreach calls to members identified as not receiving prenatal care.
- ➤ Phone card incentives offered to members responding to barrier survey.
- Provider mailing of members needing services.
- > Implementation of revised Prenatal Assessment designed to identify a higher percentage of Level One (high risk OB) members for intensive intervention.
- Implementation of interventions for Level One members which includes: contacting member and completing prenatal screening; assisting with selection of OB provider and scheduling OB appointment; addressing any barriers to care; educating member on prenatal care, dental and vision benefits, customer service, specialty providers, and transportation; and referral as appropriate to Health Education, Case Management, and/or Behavioral Health.
- Member and Provider health educational programs.
- Enhanced case management by adding clinicians with social work, substance abuse and mental health backgrounds.
- > Strengthen the communication and referral process between HRA information and available case management services.
- ➤ Global authorizations for high volume non-participating providers.
- Participation in community based outreach health fairs, LHD meetings and prenatal classes.

Table 10 represents the PIP Validation Results for all CKD PIPs.

Table 10. CKD PIP Validation Results

			CKD PIP Review Determinations						
Step		AGM	DIA	HFC	JMS	MPC	PPMCO	UHC	
1	Assess the Study Methodology	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
2	Review the Study Question(s)	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
3	Review the Selected Study Indicator(s)	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
4	Review the Identified Study Population	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
5	Review Sampling Methods	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
6	Review Data Collection Procedures	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
7	Assess Improvement Strategies	Partially Met	N/A	Partially Met	Partially Met	Met	Partially Met	Partially Met	
8	Review Data Analysis & Interpretation of Study Results	Met	N/A	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	
9	Assess Whether Improvement is Real Improvement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
10	Assess Sustained Improvement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Overall, six CKD PIPs were submitted and validated. Of the six CKD PIPs, one MCO (MPC) received a rating of "Met" in all applicable areas of assessment, and five MCOs (AGM, HFC, JMS, PPMCO, and UHC) received a rating of "Partially Met" for Step 7.

The following are examples of interventions which were implemented by the HealthChoice MCO's in their CKD PIP's:

- Outreach phone calls to members with the diagnosis of hypertension and diabetes to encourage ambulatory visits.
- Mailing of information to members with the diagnosis of Diabetes and hypertension by the four (4) case managers and two (2) disease managers.

- Incentive Program for members and providers to improve compliance in nephropathy monitoring.
- > Identification of diabetic members with hypertension for targeted outreach initiative.
- ➤ Hypertension assessment for 100% of the plan's diabetics and congestive heart failure who are in or referred to case management.
- ➤ Development and dissemination of patient specific lists to PCPs identifying patients with hypertension who haven't had early CKD screening.
- ➤ Development and dissemination of member letter to educate members on the need for early CKD screening.
- ➤ Patient specific CKD risk factor and testing profiles for PCP panels. Distribution of these profiles along with nationally recognized guidelines for testing to PCPs along with a graph indicating profiles of each PCPs performance over time.

Conclusions

It appears that the MCOs have done well among most areas of assessment for both Prenatal Care and CKD PIPs. The areas of concern for Delmarva are within Step 7 where the barrier analysis and anticipated interventions are assessed. The MCOs have had some difficulty in performing complete barrier analysis which identify member, provider, and administrative barriers. In addition, MCOs could develop more aggressive interventions that would address member, provider, and administrative barriers identified.

2005 Maryland Performance Improvement Projects

DID A VI V	Indicator	- "	Remeasurement					
PIP Activity	Indicator	Baseline	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	
AMERIGROUP Maryland		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	57.70%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	79.70%						
		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Prenatal	Quantifiable Measure #1: Postpartum Care	73.67%						
Diamond Plan/ Coventry Health Care		Jan-Jun 2004	Jul-Dec 2004	Jan-Jun 2005	Jul-Dec 2005	Jan-Jun 2006	Jul-Dec 2006	
Increasing the Number of Prenatal Visits Per Active Member from the Time of Enrollment Until Delivery	Quantifiable Measure #1: The percent of active Medicaid members with live deliveries within the measurement period who received >=81% of the expected number of prenatal care visits, adjusted for gestational age and the month the member enrolled in the Diamond Plan.	44.00%	58.00%	76.00%				
Helix Family Choice		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS CDC Nephropathy Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	38.57% 71.00%	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Prenatal/Post Partum	Quantifiable Measure #1: Frequency of Postpartum Visits	64.47%						
Jai Medical Systems		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	87.72%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	87.59%						
		Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	
	Occupation II Management III The country of the cou	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
New Methods to Increase Compliance with Postpartum Care Visits	Quantifiable Measure #1: The number of women receiving a postpartum care visit within the appropriate time frame as defined by HEDIS 2004 Prenatal and Postpartum Care Measure with a shortening of the measurement period.	43.70%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: The number of women receiving a postpartum care visit within the appropriate time frame as defined by HEDIS 2004 Prenatal and Postpartum Care Measure with a shortening of the measurement period and enrolled in the Outreach Program.	48.70%						

DID A VI V	Indicator	Baseline	Remeasurement					
PIP Activity			#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	
Maryland Physicians Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate. Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	47.69% 84.14%						
		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Addressing Barriers to Care to Improve Timeliness of Prenatal Care	Quantifiable Measure #1: Timeliness of Prenatal Care	86.00%						
Priority Partners		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	46.00%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	62.00%						
		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Improving Prenatal Care	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS Frequency of Prenatal Care	44.00%						
United Health Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	44.04%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	76.60%						
		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Improving Prenatal Care for Pregnant Members	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS measurement of timeliness of prenatal care.	87.00%						

2005 Maryland CKD Performance Improvement Projects

PIP Activity	Indicator	Baseline	Remeasurement					
			#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	
AMERIGROUP Maryland		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	57.70%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	79.70%						
Helix Family Choice		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS CDC Nephropathy Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	38.57% 71.00%						
Jai Medical Systems		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	87.72%	_					
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	87.59%						
Maryland Physicians Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	47.69%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	84.14%						
Priority Partners		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS 2005 Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	46.00%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Percent of members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	62.00%						
United Health Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Chronic Kidney Disease	Quantifiable Measure #1: Comprehensive Diabetes Care, kidney disease monitored rate.	44.04%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: Members diagnosed with hypertension that received at least one serum creatinine.	76.60%						

Maryland Prenatal/Postpartum Performance Improvement Projects

PIP Activity	Indicator	Baseline	Remeasurement					
			#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	
AMERIGROUP Maryland		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Prenatal	Quantifiable Measure #1: Postpartum Care	73.67%						
Diamond Plan/ Coventry Health Care		Jan-Jun 2004	Jul-Dec 2004	Jan-Jun 2005	Jul-Dec 2005	Jan-Jun 2006	Jul-Dec 2006	
Increasing the Number of Prenatal Visits Per Active Member from the Time of Enrollment Until Delivery	Quantifiable Measure #1: The percent of active Medicaid members with live deliveries within the measurement period who received >=81% of the expected number of prenatal care visits, adjusted for gestational age and the month the member enrolled in the Diamond Plan.	44.00%	58.00%	76.00%				
Helix Family Choice		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Prenatal/Post Partum	Quantifiable Measure #1: Frequency of Postpartum Visits	64.47%						
Jai Medical Systems		Jan-Jun 2004	Jan-Jun 2005	Jan-Jun 2006	Jan-Jun 2007	Jan-Jun 2008	Jan-Jun 2009	
New Methods to Increase Compliance with Postpartum Care Visits	Quantifiable Measure #1: The number of women receiving a postpartum care visit within the appropriate time frame as defined by HEDIS 2004 Prenatal and Postpartum Care Measure with a shortening of the measurement period.	43.70%						
	Quantifiable Measure #2: The number of women receiving a postpartum care visit within the appropriate time frame as defined by HEDIS 2004 Prenatal and Postpartum Care Measure with a shortening of the measurement period and enrolled in the Outreach Program	48.70%						
Maryland Physicians Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Addressing Barriers to Care to Improve Timeliness of Prenatal Care	Quantifiable Measure #1: Timeliness of Prenatal Care	86.00%						
Priority Partners		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Improving Prenatal Care	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS Frequency of Prenatal Care	44.00%						
United Health Care		Jan-Dec 2004	Jan-Dec 2005	Jan-Dec 2006	Jan-Dec 2007	Jan-Dec 2008	Jan-Dec 2009	
Improving Prenatal Care for Pregnant Members	Quantifiable Measure #1: HEDIS measurement of timeliness of prenatal care.	87.00%						